

Tuberculosis Screening Guide

If you have symptoms suggestive of tuberculosis—such as a cough that last for more than two weeks, sputum, or fever—tuberculosis can usually be completely cured if you get tested early and start treatment.

Follow the instructions below to get tested for tuberculosis at a nearby hospital.



1 Symptoms Suggesting Tuberculosis

If the following symptoms persist for more than two weeks, tuberculosis may be suspected and you should get tested.



A cough lasting more than two weeks



Sputum



Fever



Night sweats



Weight loss



Abnormalities on a chest X-ray

2 Tuberculosis Screening Information

A simple test can determine whether you have tuberculosis.



Symptom Consultation



Hospital Visit



Chest X-ray



Sputum Test (if necessary)

3 Guidelines for Screening Participants



Wear a mask



Proper cough etiquette: cover your mouth with your sleeve.



Avoid crowded places



Ventilate rooms frequently



Wash your hands thoroughly

Dormitory Rules

1. Report any symptoms immediately to the dorm supervisor's office.



2. Isolation and Medical Care
After resting in a separate area, be sure to seek medical care.



4 Guidance Based on Test Results

If not tuberculosis

Have regular health checkups and monitor your symptoms.
If symptoms last, get tested again.



If diagnosed with tuberculosis

You can be completely cured if you complete the full course of treatment.
Please follow your healthcare provider's instructions carefully.



5 Information on Examination and Treatment Costs



Costs may vary depending on insurance coverage and hospital size.
Always wear a mask when visiting the hospital.